



Mathematics – A Progression of Knowledge & Skills				
Year group	term	topic	skills	knowledge
YN	aut	Me & My Family	<p>Number:</p> <p>To count up to 3 objects</p> <p>To recite numbers to 5</p> <p>To one to one count (to 5)</p> <p>To know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total ('cardinal principle').</p> <p>To show 'finger numbers' up to 5.</p> <p>To link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral, up to 5.</p> <p>To experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals.</p> <p><i>Spring Term Specific:</i> To solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5.</p>	
	spr	Me & My World	<p>Numerical Patterns (Shape, Space & Measure):</p> <p>To compare quantities using language: 'more than', 'fewer than'.</p> <p>To talk about and explore 2D and 3D shapes (for example, circles, rectangles, triangles and cuboids) using informal and mathematical language: 'sides', 'corners'; 'straight', 'flat', 'round'.</p> <p>To understand position through words alone – for example, "The bag is under the table," – with no pointing.</p> <p>To describe a familiar route using the language of position, eg "I can walk next to the door"</p> <p>To discuss routes and locations, using words like 'in front of' and 'behind'.</p>	
			<p>Vocabulary</p> <p>Number - numbers 1-5, group, more, less, fewer,</p>	





		Numerical Patterns - circle, rectangle, triangle		
	sum	Me Growing Up	<p>Number: To count up to 5 objects</p> <p>To recite numbers to 10</p> <p>To one to one count (to 5)</p> <p>Numerical Patterns (Shape, Space & Measure): To make comparisons between objects relating to size, length, weight and capacity.</p> <p>To select shapes appropriately: flat surfaces for building, a triangular prism for a roof etc.</p> <p>To combine shapes to make new ones – an arch, a bigger triangle etc.</p> <p>To talk about and identify the patterns around them. For example: stripes on clothes, designs on rugs and wallpaper. Use informal language like 'pointy', 'spotty', 'blobs' etc.</p> <p>To extend and create ABAB patterns – stick, leaf, stick, leaf.</p> <p>To notice and correct an error in a repeating pattern.</p> <p>To begin to describe a sequence of events, real or fictional, using words such as 'first', 'then...'</p>	<p>Number: To recognise numerals to 5</p>
			<p>Vocabulary Number - numbers 1-10 Numerical Patterns - first, then, next,</p>	
YR	aut	Me & My Family	<p>Number: To count forwards and backwards to 10 from different starting points (1-10)</p> <p>To count actions or objects that cannot be moved to 5</p> <p>To count objects in a group/irregular arrangement of up to 10</p> <p>To use 1:1 correspondence</p> <p>To represent numbers using fingers, marks on paper or pictures to 5</p>	<p>Number: To subitise up to 5</p> <p>To know how to count to 5 (forwards)</p> <p>To count objects in a group to 5</p> <p>To write numerals to 5</p>





		<p>To sort objects, identifying what is the same and what is different</p> <p>To recognise numerals (1-5)</p> <p>To order numbers to 5</p> <p>To write numbers to 5 (numeral)</p> <p>To find /say which is one more and one less than a given number up to 5</p> <p>To explore number bonds to 5 (five frames, part-part-whole)</p> <p>Numerical Patterns (Shape, Space & Measure):</p> <p>To show an interest in patterns and arranging objects</p> <p>To order times within a day</p> <p>To use non-standard measurements of time (how many sleeps, how many playtimes)</p>	
<p>Vocabulary</p> <p>Number - numbers 1-10, group, more, less, the same, different, five frame, part-part-whole</p> <p>Numerical Patterns - yesterday, today, tomorrow, before, later, next, pattern</p>			
spr	Me & My World	<p>Number:</p> <p>To count forwards and backwards to 20 (0-20)</p> <p>To count actions or objects that cannot be moved to 10</p> <p>To estimate how many objects they can see and check by counting</p> <p>To recognise numerals (0-10)</p> <p>To order numbers to 10</p> <p>To write numbers to 10 (numeral)</p> <p>To explore number bonds to 10 and within 10 (ten frames, part-part-whole)</p> <p>To relate addition to combining two groups to make a whole (to 10)</p> <p>To relate subtraction to taking away (ten frames, part-part-whole)</p> <p>Numerical Patterns (Shape, Space & Measure):</p> <p>To use positional language (next to, behind, near, on, into)</p> <p>To compare 3D shapes (what is the same, what is different)</p>	<p>Number:</p> <p>To know how to count to 10 (forwards & backwards)</p> <p>To count objects in a group to 10</p> <p>To write numerals to 10</p> <p>To automatically recall (without reference to rhymes counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts).</p> <p>Numerical Patterns</p> <p>To name common 2D shapes (circles, triangles, squares & rectangles)</p>





		<p>To share what I notice about a 3D shape (does it roll? do they stack together?)</p> <p>To name some common 2D shapes</p> <p>To imitate patterns of shapes</p> <p>To create patterns of shapes</p>	
<p>Vocabulary</p> <p>Number - numbers 1-20, group, more, less, the same, different, ten frame, part-part-whole, addition, subtraction</p> <p>Numerical Patterns - next to, near, behind, near, on, into, circle, triangle, rectangle, square, pattern</p>			
sum	Me Growing Up	<p>Number:</p> <p>To explore doubles to 20</p> <p>To identify half of a group of objects</p> <p>To recognise numerals (0-20)</p> <p>To order numbers to 20</p> <p>To write numbers to 20 (numeral)</p> <p>To recognise the number of objects in a small group without counting (subitise)</p> <p>To use quantities and objects to add two single digit numbers and to count on to find the answer</p> <p>To add two set of objects which are the same (e.g. apples and apples) then different (e.g. cars and trucks)</p> <p>To share objects equally</p> <p>To use quantities and objects to subtract two single digit numbers (count on or back) to find the answer</p> <p>Numerical Patterns (Shape, Space & Measure):</p> <p>To compare height and length using non-standard descriptions of measure (tall, short, wide, narrow)</p> <p>To measure height and length using non-standard units of measure (how many blocks tall)</p> <p>To compare weight using non-standard descriptions of measure (heavy, light)</p> <p>To measure height and length using non-standard units of measure (balancing scales)</p> <p>To measure capacity using non-standard descriptions of measure (full, nearly full, nearly empty, empty)</p>	<p>Number:</p> <p>To know how to count to 20 (forwards & backwards)</p> <p>To count objects in a group to 20</p> <p>To write numerals to 20</p> <p>To know number bonds to 5, 6 & 10</p> <p>Have a deep understanding of numbers to 10</p>





		<p>To compare capacity using non-standard units of measure (thinnest tube, fattest tube)</p> <p>To begin to use everyday language related to money</p> <p>To recognise repetitive patterns</p> <p>To compare up to 10 objects by size & differences</p>	
		<p>Vocabulary</p> <p>Number - numbers 1-20, group, more, less, the same, different, ten frame, part-part-whole, addition, subtraction, half, double</p> <p>Numerical Patterns - tall, short, wide, narrow, heavy, light, thin, fat, full, nearly, empty, coins, pennies, pounds</p>	

Year group	term	topic	skills	knowledge
Y1	aut	Once Upon a Time	<p>To identify, and represent numbers within 10 using objects and pictorial representations</p> <p>To read and write numbers to 10 in numerals and words</p> <p>To compare and order numbers within 10 (introduce $<$, $>$ and $=$)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - To reason about the location of numbers on a number line (eg. I know that 8 is in between 7 & 9) <p>To represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 10 (introducing $+$, $-$ & $=$)</p> <p>To solve one-step word (story) problems that involve $+$ and $-$, using concrete objects, pictorial representations & abstract using $+$, $-$, $=$ to 10</p> <p>To double numbers within 10</p> <p>To identify odd and even numbers</p> <p>To recognise and name 2D shapes and their properties</p> <p>To recognise and name 3D shapes</p> <p>To identify, and represent numbers within 20 using objects and pictorial representations</p> <p>Identify or place numbers up to 20 on marked and unmarked number lines.</p>	<p>To know how to read and write numbers to 10 in numerals and words</p> <p>To know number bonds to and within 10</p> <p>To recognise the relationship between number bonds (eg. $3+2=5$, $2+3=5$, $5=2+3$) & corresponding subtraction facts (eg. $5-3=2$)</p> <p>To know what $<$, $>$ and $=$ signs represent</p> <p>To name 2D shapes and their properties</p> <p>To name 3D shapes</p>





			<p>To read and write numbers within 20 in numerals and words</p> <p>To compare and order numbers within 20</p> <p>Counting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Counting and sorting objects • Count forwards and backwards from any number within 10 • Count one more/one less • Counting ordinal numbers (1st,2nd,3rd) • Count in 2's up to 24, linking with even numbers and supporting doubles 	
<p>Vocabulary numerals, number bonds, part, whole, greater than, less than, equal to, sides, corners, edges, more, less, sort, first, second, third, fourth, fifth, double, odd, even, add, subtract, rectangle, square, circle, triangle, cuboid, cube, cylinders, spheres, pyramids</p>				
spr	Animal Kingdom		<p>To represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20</p> <p>Add 1-digit and 2-digit numbers within 20, including zero</p> <p>To subtract 1-digit and 2-digit numbers within 20, including zero (incl. Not crossing and crossing 10)</p> <p>To solve one-step word (story) problems that involve + and -, using concrete objects and pictorial representations & abstract (using +, -, =) to 20</p> <p>To identify, and represent numbers within 50 using objects and pictorial representations</p> <p>To compare and order numbers within 50</p> <p>To compare • length and height</p> <p>To measure • length and height</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Counting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Count to and across 100, forward and backwards, from any number • Focus on counting in multiples of 5 up to 60, linking with knowledge of counting in 10s • Count in multiples of 10 in order up to 120 	<p>To know how to read and write numbers to 20 in numerals and words</p> <p>To know that the length is ' how long something is'</p> <p>To know that the height is ' how tall something is'</p>





		<p>Vocabulary number bonds, digit, numeral, quantity, add, plus, altogether, in total, number stories, represent, how many more, subtract, difference, how many left, take away, count back, jump back, smaller than, larger than, length, height, higher, shorter, taller, how long, how high, compare, ruler</p>	
sum	We Love London	<p>To double numbers within 20</p> <p>To solve problems reinforcing the concepts of equal groups, sharing (incl halving) and grouping</p> <p>To recognise, find and name a half of an object, shape or quantity.</p> <p>To recognise, find and name a quarter of an object, shape or quantity.</p> <p>To describe position and movement (incl. turns)</p> <p>To compose 2D & 3D shapes from smaller shapes, including manipulating shapes to place them in particular orientations.</p> <p>To recognise and create repeating patterns with objects and shapes</p> <p>To interpret and construct simple pictograms</p> <p>To identify, and represent numbers within 100 using objects and pictorial representations</p> <p>To compare and order numbers within 100</p> <p>To sequence events in chronological order using language</p> <p>To compare and measure time</p> <p>To tell the time to the hour</p> <p>To tell the time to half past the hour</p> <hr/> <p>Counting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Count to and across 100, forward and backwards, from any number Count in multiples of 10, 2 and 5 in order with growing fluency Count in multiples of 10, 2 and 5 in order fluently 	<p>To know number bonds to and within 10</p> <p>To know odd and even numbers to 20</p> <p>To know doubles of numbers up to 5</p> <p>To know the difference between a 'whole', 'half' and a 'quarter'</p> <p>To know the meaning of 'left', 'right', 'forward', 'backward'</p> <p>To know the language of time and sequencing</p>





			Vocabulary double, twice, equal, unequal, half, group, share, shape, whole, half, quarter, turn, position, left, right, forward, backward, pictogram, order, sequence, o'clock, time, half past, hours, minutes, seconds, before, after, faster, slower, shorter, longer, earlier, later, yesterday, today, tomorrow, day, week, month, year, Monday- Sunday, calendar, date, minute hand, hour hand,
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Year group	term	topic	skills	knowledge
Y2	aut	Fire! Fire!	<p>To identify, represent and estimate numbers from 0-100 using different representations</p> <p>To compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100 (<, >, =)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - To reason about the location of any two-digit number on a number line including identifying the previous and next multiple of 10 (including un-marked lines) <p>To represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 100 (including calculations bridging a multiple of 10)</p> <p>To show the understanding that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot</p> <p>To add and subtract a 2-digit number and ones numbers using concrete objects & pictorial representations</p> <p>To add and subtract a 2-digit number and tens numbers (multiples of 10) using concrete objects & pictorial representations</p> <p>To add and subtract two 2-digit numbers using concrete objects & pictorial representations (selecting appropriate methods)</p> <p>To add three 1-digit numbers using concrete objects & pictorial representations</p> <p>To solve story problems with addition and subtraction (including with the use of addends)</p> <p>To find different combinations of coins that equal the same amount of money</p>	<p>To recognise the relationship between number bonds (eg. $3+2=5$, $2+3=5$, $5=2+3$) & corresponding subtraction facts (eg. $5-3=2$)</p> <p>To recognise the place value of each digit in a 2-digit number (tens, ones)</p> <p>To know how to read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words</p> <p>To recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently</p> <p>To know the value of coins</p> <p>To recognise and use symbols for £ and p</p> <p>To recall multiples of 10 up to 12×10 in any order, including missing numbers and related division facts with growing fluency</p>





		<p>To calculate change using subtraction (part-part-whole)</p> <p>To solve simple story problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same units (incl. comprehension of word problems and representing them using a bar model or part-part-whole)</p> <p>Counting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To count in steps of 2 and 5 from 0 up to 12x fluently To count in multiples of 3 to 12x3 in order from 0 	
<p>Vocabulary estimate, check, count, order, greater than, less than, equal to, part, whole, tens, ones, addition, add, plus, altogether, in total, number stories, represent, how many more, subtract, difference, how many left, take away, how many more, how many fewer, count back, jump back, less, money, coins, 1p, 2p, 5p, 10p, 20p, 50p, £1, £2</p>			
spr	The Secret Garden	<p>Recognise repeated addition contexts, representing them with multiplication equations and calculating the product, within the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables.</p> <p>Relate grouping problems where the number of groups is unknown to multiplication equations with a missing factor,</p> <p>and to division equations (quotative division).</p> <p>To generate mathematical statements for multiplication and division (within the multiplication tables) and write them using multiplication, division and equal signs.</p> <p>To solve problems involving multiplication and division</p> <p>To interpret tally charts (understanding when and how to use tally charts) In box - To ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity</p> <p>To ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data.</p>	<p>To recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10x tables</p> <p>To recognise equal groups</p> <p>To know 2D shapes and their properties (using precise language)</p> <p>To know 3D shapes including the number of edges, vertices and faces</p> <p>Identify 2D shapes on the surface of 3D shapes</p> <p>To know what 'numerator' and 'denominator' are in a fraction</p>





		<p>To construct tally charts/simple tables his/her accurate and clear labelling of rows and columns-tally, frequency</p> <p>To interpret block diagrams (understanding when and how to use block diagrams) In box - To ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity</p> <p>To ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data</p> <p>To construct block diagrams; by accurate labelling, drawings and spacing/ vertically and horizontally</p> <p>To explore and understand symmetry</p> <p>To compare and sort common 2D shapes and everyday objects (including both standard and non-standard polygons)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - To reason about the shapes & size of a 2D shape, relative to other 2D shapes <p>To compare and sort common 3D shapes and everyday objects</p> <p>To recognise, find, name and write fractions $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a length, shape, sets of objects or quantity</p> <p>To calculate simple fractions of quantities</p> <p>To explore and recognise the equivalence of $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$</p> <p>Counting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To count in multiples of 2, 3 (new) and 5 from 0, and • To count in 10s from any number, forward (in 5s and 10s from 100) • To count in 3s to 36- but use a 100 square to show patterns of multiples of 3 up to 100 	
		<p>Vocabulary multiplication, division, equals, tally chart, data, rows, columns, frequency, block diagram, quantity, symmetry, symmetrical, line of symmetry, 2D, 3D, square, rectangle, circle, semicircle, oval, triangle, square, heptagon, hexagon, pentagon, octagon, quadrilateral, cube, cuboid, sphere, pyramid, edges, faces, curved faces, sides, vertices, corners, multiples, fractions, quarter, third, half, whole</p>	





	sum	Globetrotters	<p>To compare and order within the same standard units of measure – length/height</p> <p>To measure length/height in any direction in m and cm using rulers including drawing lines and shapes</p> <p>To solve problems using all 4 operations</p> <p>To order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences</p> <p>To compare and sequence intervals of time/(1h vs 10 minutes)</p> <p>To tell the time to the hour and half past the hour In box - draw the hands on a clock face to show these times</p> <p>To tell and write time to five minutes his/her including quarter to/past to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times</p> <p>To compare and order within the same standard units of measure – mass</p> <p>To measure mass in kg and g using marked scales</p> <p>To measure capacity in l and ml using measuring vessels</p> <p>To measure temperature in °C using thermometers</p>	<p>To use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement</p> <p>To know the number of minutes in an hour</p> <p>To know the number of hours in a day</p> <p>To know that length is measured in mm, cm and m</p> <p>To know that mass is measured in g and kg</p> <p>To know capacity is measured in ml and ml</p> <p>To know that temperature is measured in °C</p>
<p>Vocabulary Length, height, weight, mass, capacity, temperature, pattern, sequence, quarter to /quarter past..past/to, ten minutes past/to, grams, kilograms, centimeters, millimetres, degrees centigrade, litres, millilitres</p>				





Year group	term	topic	skills	knowledge
Y3	aut	Invaders and settlers	<p>To identify, represent and estimate numbers to 1000 using different representations</p> <p>To recognise the place value of each digit in a 3-digit number</p> <p>To find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number</p> <p>To compare and order numbers up to 1,000</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Reason about the location of any three-digit number in the linear number system, including identifying the previous and next multiple of 100 and 10. <p>To partition numbers (part-part-whole; bar-model; canonical and non-canonical)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Recognise the place value of each digit in three-digit numbers, and compose and decompose three-digit numbers using standard and non-standard partitioning. <p>To add numbers with up to 3-digits using formal method of column addition (exchanging and regrouping) Use inverse to check answers.</p> <p>To subtract numbers with up to 3-digits using formal method of column subtraction(exchanging and regrouping) Use inverse to check answers</p> <p>To solve word problems with addition and subtraction using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures (incl. money)</p> <p>To recognise the effect of multiplying 1 digit numbers by 10 and 100</p>	<p>Know that 10 tens are equivalent to 1 hundred, and that 100 is 10 times the size of 10 (apply this to identify and work out how many 10s there are in other three-digit multiples of 10.)</p> <p>Secure fluency in addition and subtraction facts that bridge 10, through continued practice. recall of addition and subtraction facts within and across 10</p> <p>To know the effect of adding/ subtracting 10 or 100 from a given number</p> <p>To read and write numbers to 1,000 in numerals and words</p> <p>To use the knowledge of rounding to estimate the answer to a calculation</p> <p>To recall number bonds to 10 and 100 Calculate complements to 100</p> <p>Apply place-value knowledge to known additive and multiplicative number facts (scaling facts by 10)</p> <p>Manipulate the additive relationship: Understand the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction, and how both relate to the part-part-whole structure. Understand and use the commutative property of addition, and understand the related property for subtraction.</p> <p>To recall multiples of 3 up to 12x3 in any order, including missing numbers and related division facts with growing fluency Recall multiplication facts, and corresponding division facts, in the 10, 5, 2, 4 and 8 multiplication tables, and recognise products in these multiplication tables as multiples of the corresponding number.</p>





			<p>To explore the corresponding multiplication and division facts.</p> <p>Counting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To count in 50s and 100s To count in multiples of 3 to 12x3 in order from 0 fluently To count in multiples of 4 to 12x4 in order from 0 with growing fluency To introduce (relating to x4) and begin to count in multiples of 8 from 0 to 12x8 		
			<p>Vocabulary estimate, more, less, partition, standard, non-standard, bar model, commutative, addend, sum, total, minuend, subtrahend, difference, reduction, column addition/subtraction, inverse, multiples, scaling, factor, product, dividend, divisor, quotient, grouping, sharing</p>		
spr	Superhumans		<p>To multiply 2-digit numbers by 1-digit number using the formal written methods (arrays, base ten, place value counters)</p> <p>To divide 2-digit numbers by 1-digit numbers (repeated subtraction, base ten, place value counters)</p> <p>To solve word problems involving multiplication and division</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Apply known multiplication and division facts to solve contextual problems with different structures, including quotative and partitive division. <p>Divide 100 into 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts, and read scales/number lines marked in multiples of 100 with 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts</p> <p>To add and subtract amounts of money</p> <p>Interpret and write proper fractions to represent 1 or several parts of a whole that is divided into equal parts.</p> <p>To compare and order simple fractions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reason about the location of any fraction within 1 in the linear number system 	<p>To recall multiples of 3 up to 12x3 in any order, including missing numbers and related division facts fluently</p> <p>To recall multiples of 4 up to 12x4 in any order, including missing numbers and related division facts with growing fluency</p> <p>To know what a numerator and denominator are</p> <p>To know what a unit fraction is</p>	





		<p>To recognise and show equivalent fractions with small denominators</p> <p>To add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole</p> <p>Find unit fractions of quantities using known division facts (multiplication tables fluency)</p> <p>Counting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To count up and down in tenths (recognise that tenths arise from dividing a 'whole' into 10 equal parts; dividing 1-digit numbers by 10) To count in multiples of 4 to 12x4 in order from 0 with fluently. To count in multiples of 8 to 12x8 in order from 0 with growing fluency. 	
		<p>Vocabulary change, coins, how much more/less, what's the difference, fraction, part, whole, equal, the fraction bar, numerator, denominator, unit and non-unit fractions, names of fractions: half, quarter, third, fifth, etc., equivalence, multiple, roman numerals</p>	
sum	Rainforest Explorers	<p>To describe polygons using the knowledge of polygons and their properties</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Draw polygons by joining marked points, and identify parallel and perpendicular sides <p>To identify right angles.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognise right angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn, and identify right angles in 2D shapes presented in different orientations. <p>To understand and use standard units of measure to compare and estimate - length and distance</p> <p>To measure with increasing accuracy</p> <p>To measure and calculate the perimeter of simple polygons</p> <p>To recognise and describe 3D shapes</p> <p>To identify and compare numerals and roman numerals</p>	<p>To know 2D shapes and their properties</p> <p>To name 3D shapes</p> <p>To recognise that two right angles make a half-turn & three make a three quarter turn.</p> <p>To identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle.</p> <p>To identify and draw:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Horizontal and vertical Pairs of parallel and perpendicular lines <p>To know that length is measured in mm, cm and m</p> <p>To know Roman numerals 1-12</p> <p>To know that mass is measured in g and kg</p>





			<p>To compare durations of events</p> <p>To estimate, read and write the time to the nearest 5 min from an analogue clock (12 hour)(including 1-12 Roman numerals)</p> <p>To estimate, read and write the time to the nearest 5 min from a digital clock (24 hour)</p> <p>To calculate new time using a number line</p> <p>To interpret scaled bar charts, pictograms and tables</p> <p>To construct scaled bar charts, pictograms and tables</p> <p>To understand and use standard units of measure to compare and estimate - mass, volume/capacity</p>	<p>To recall multiples of 4 up to 12x4 in any order (including missing numbers and related division facts fluently)</p> <p>To recall multiples of 8 up to 12x8 in any order (including missing numbers and related division facts with growing fluency)</p>
			<p>Vocabulary square, rectangle, circle, triangle, heptagon, pentagon, hexagon, octagon, quadrilateral, polygon, cube, cuboid, pyramid, sphere, sides, corners, edges, vertices, angle, turn, perimeter, years, months, days, hours, leap year, roman numerals, 24 clock, digital clock, bar chart, pictogram, mass, volume, capacity, multiple</p>	

Year group	term	topic	skills	knowledge
Y4	aut	Robots	<p>To identify, represent and estimate numbers beyond 1000 using different representations.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Recognise the place value of each digit in four-digit numbers, and compose and decompose four-digit numbers using standard and non-standard partitioning. <p>To recognise & understand the place value of each digit in a 4-digit number in order to mentally add & subtract ones, tens, hundreds and thousands.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Reason about the location of any four-digit number in the linear number system, including identifying the previous and next multiple of 1,000 and 100, and rounding to the nearest of each. <p>To compare and order numbers beyond 1,000.</p>	<p>Know that 10 hundreds are equivalent to 1 thousand, and that 1,000 is 10 times the size of 100; apply this to identify and work out how many 100s there are in other four-digit multiples of 100.</p> <p>To know the effect of adding/ subtracting 10 ,100 ,1000 from a given number</p> <p>To read Roman numerals to 100</p> <p>To recall number bonds to 10 and 100</p> <p>To know standard units of measure and their relationship</p> <p>To know factor pairs</p>





		<p>To round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1,000.</p> <p>To partition numbers (part-part-whole; bar-model; canonical and non-canonical)</p> <p>To use the column method to add and subtract numbers with up to 4-digits (exchanging and regrouping) Use inverse to check answers</p> <p>To solve addition and subtraction 2-step word problems in contexts</p> <p>Multiply and divide whole numbers by 10 and 100 (keeping to whole number quotients); understand this as equivalent to making a number 10 or 100 times the size.</p> <p>To convert between different units of measurements (mm-cm-m-km) using the understanding of x and : numbers by, 10, 100 and 1000</p> <p>Divide 1,000 into 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts, and read scales/number lines marked in multiples of 1,000 with 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts.</p> <p>To measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Find the perimeter of regular and irregular polygons. <p>To recognise and use factor pairs commutativity in mental calculations</p> <p>Manipulate multiplication and division equations, and understand and apply the commutative property of multiplication.</p> <p>Counting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Count in 25s and 1,000 ● counting in multiples of 100, 200, 250, and 500 from 0, or from any multiple of these numbers, both forwards and backwards ● Count in 6s in order up to 12x6, using multiples of 3 to support ● Count in 7s in order up to 12x7 	<p>To recall multiples of 3, 4 and 8 up to 12x in any order, including missing numbers and related division facts fluently</p> <p>To recall multiples of 6 in any order, including missing numbers and related division facts with growing fluency</p>
		<p>Vocabulary estimate, estimate, more, less, partition, standard, non-standard, bar model, commutative, addend, sum, total, minuend, subtrahend, difference, reduction, column addition/subtraction, inverse, multiples, scaling, factor, product, dividend, divisor, quotient, grouping, sharing, numerals, value, part, whole, compare,</p>	





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		smaller than, larger than, equal, ascending, descending, add, total, sum, subtract, take away, round, midpoint, placeholder, convert, standard units, metric units, millimeters, centimeters, meters, kilometers, measure, perimeter, rectilinear, factors, commutative, arrays, multiples	
spr	All the World's A Stage	<p>Understand and apply the distributive property of multiplication.</p> <p>To multiply 2-digit and 3 digit numbers by a 1-digit number</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - arrays, base ten, place value counters <p>To divide 2-digit and 3 digit numbers by a 1-digit number sharing</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - repeated subtraction, base 10, place value counters <p>Solve division problems, with two-digit dividends and one-digit divisors, that involve remainders, for example: and interpret remainders appropriately according to the context.</p> <p>To solve word problems involving multiplication and addition, division and subtraction.</p> <p>To find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares.</p> <p>Reason about the location of mixed numbers in the linear number system.</p> <p>To recognise families of common equivalent fractions.</p> <p>Add and subtract improper and mixed fractions with the same denominator, including bridging whole numbers,</p> <p>Convert mixed numbers to improper fractions and vice versa.</p> <p>To calculate fractions of quantities (What's $\frac{1}{3}$ of 9?; bar modelling, Cuisenaire rods)</p> <p>To add and subtract fractions with the same denominator</p> <p>Add and subtract improper and mixed fractions with the same denominator, including bridging whole numbers</p> <p>To recognise & understand the place value of each digit in a number with 2 decimal places(tenths and hundredths)</p>	<p>Apply place-value knowledge to known additive and multiplicative number facts (scaling facts by 100)</p> <p>To recall multiples of 6 in any order, including missing numbers and related division facts fluently</p> <p>To recall multiples of 7 in any order, including missing numbers and related division facts with growing fluency</p> <p>To recall multiples of 7 in any order, including missing numbers and related division facts fluently</p>





		<p>To recognise and write decimal equivalents ($\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{4}$ and any tenths and hundredths)</p> <p>Counting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Count backwards through zero to include negative numbers Count up and down in hundredths Count in 9s in order up to 12×9 Count in 11s in order up to 12×11 	
		<p>Vocabulary factors, commutative, arrays, , inverse, multiples, scaling, factor, product, dividend, divisor, quotient, grouping, sharing, divide, sharing, grouping, area, standard units, metric units, millimetres, centimetres, metres, kilometres, square, common, equivalent, fraction, denominator, numerator, quantity, decimals, negative</p>	
sum	Extreme Earth	<p>To compare and order numbers with the same number of decimal places (up to 2dp- including: representing, reading and writing decimals)</p> <p>To round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number</p> <p>To develop understanding of pounds and pence (using decimal notation)</p> <p>To read, write and convert between analogue and digital 12 & 24 hour clocks</p> <p>To solve time word problems using a number line (including start, end, duration time and converting)</p> <p>To interpret discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs.</p> <p>To present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs</p> <p>To compare and classify geometric shapes (triangles and quadrilaterals)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify regular polygons, including equilateral triangles and squares, as those in which the side-lengths are equal and the angles are equal. <p>Identify line symmetry in 2D shapes presented in different orientations.</p> <p>Reflect shapes in a line of symmetry and complete a symmetric figure or pattern with respect to a specified line of symmetry.</p> <p>To identify acute and obtuse angles (estimate and order angles)</p>	<p>To know different types of triangles</p> <p>To know different types of quadrilaterals</p> <p>To know time and duration facts</p> <p>To know different types of angles</p> <p>To recall multiples of 9 in any order, including missing numbers and related division facts with growing fluency (using $10 \times$ and adjusting by 1 group to find $9 \times$ as a strategy)</p> <p>To recall multiples of 11 in any order, including missing numbers and related division facts fluently</p> <p>To recall multiples of 9 in any order, including missing numbers and related division facts fluently</p> <p>To recall multiples of 12 in any order, including missing numbers and related division facts with growing fluency (using $10 \times$ and adjusting by adding 2 more groups)</p>





		<p>To describe positions on a 2D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant</p> <p>To plot specified points on a grid</p> <p>Draw polygons, specified by coordinates in the first quadrant, and translate within the first quadrant.</p> <p>Counting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Count in 12s in order up to 12x12 <p>Vocabulary</p> <p>decimals, decimal places, decimal point, whole number, estimate, numerals, value, part, whole, compare, smaller than, larger than, equal, ascending, descending, round, pounds, pence, analogue, digital, am, pm, duration, discrete data, continuous data, bar charts, line graphs, triangles, right angle triangle, scalene, isosceles, equilateral quadrilaterals, square, oblong, rectangle, rhombus, trapezoid, parallelogram, symmetry, symmetric, line of symmetry, acute, obtuse, right, venn diagram, carroll diagram, criteria, position, right, left, coordinates, quadrant, axis, axes, translate, move</p>
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Year group	term	topic	skills	knowledge
Y5	aut	Meet the Greeks	<p>To recognise and understand the value of each digit in numbers up to 1,000,000</p> <p>To read and write numbers to at least 1,000,000</p> <p>To round any number up to 1,000,000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10000 and 100000.</p> <p>To compare and order numbers up to 1,000,000.</p> <p>To interpret negative numbers in context</p> <p>To partition numbers within 1,000,0000 (part-part-whole; bar-model; canonical and non-canonical)</p> <p>To add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits</p> <p>To solve addition and subtraction multi-step word problems in contexts</p> <p>To interpret and complete information in tables (including timetables)</p> <p>To represent data</p> <p>To identify multiples and factors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Common factors/ prime factors Understand and be able to name prime numbers (up to 20) 	<p>To recall number bonds to 10 and 100</p> <p>To know prime numbers up to 20</p> <p>To know square and cube numbers up to 150</p> <p>To know different types of angles</p> <p>To know different types of triangles</p> <p>To know different types of quadrilaterals</p> <p>To recall all times tables up to 12 x12 in any order, including missing numbers and related division facts fluently</p> <p>Secure fluency in multiplication table facts, and corresponding division facts, through continued practice.</p>





		<p>To recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers</p> <p>To multiply and divide numbers mentally</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Related facts & application <p>To multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Multiply and divide numbers by 10 and 100; understand this as equivalent to making a number 10 or 100 times the size, or 1 tenth or 1 hundredth times the size. <p>To multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a 1-digit or 2-digit number</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - formal written method. <p>To divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 1-digit number</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Divide a number with up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using a formal written method, and interpret remainders appropriately for the context. <p>To solve problems involving multiplication and division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context.</p> <p>To solve word problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these</p> <p>Counting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Count forwards and backwards in steps of powers of 10 from any given number 	
		<p>Vocabulary whole number, estimate, numerals, value, part, whole, compare, smaller than, larger than, equal, ascending, descending, add, total, sum, subtract, take away, round, midpoint, placeholder, convert, standard units, common, prime, factors, square numbers, cube numbers, commutative, arrays, multiples, decimals, tenths, hundredths, division, sharing, grouping, regular, irregular, right angle triangle, scalene, isosceles, equilateral, right, obtuse, acute, reflex, angles, degrees, protractor, venn diagram, carroll diagram, criteria</p>	
spr	Space Race	<p>To convert between different units of metric measures</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - including using common decimals and fractions. <p>To understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units</p>	<p>To read Roman numerals to 1,000 (M)</p> <p>To know standard units of measure and their relationship</p> <p>To know equivalent fractions</p> <p>To identify and describe 3D shapes and their properties</p>





		<p>To measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes</p> <p>To calculate and compare the area of rectangles to estimate and calculate the area of irregular shapes.</p> <p>To identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation</p> <p>To identify, name and write equivalents of a given fraction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Find equivalent fractions and understand that they have the same value and the same position in the linear number system. - Recall decimal fraction equivalents for $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{5}$ and $\frac{1}{10}$, and for multiples of these proper fractions. <p>To compare and order fractions whose denominators are multiples of the same number</p> <p>Find non-unit fractions of quantities</p> <p>To add and subtract fractions</p> <p>To recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other</p> <p>To multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers</p> <p>To solve word fraction problems</p> <p>To estimate and calculate volume and capacity</p> <p>To add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers</p> <p>Counting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Count in hundredths, $\frac{1}{4}$ 	<p>To know multiples of any number up to 12</p> <p>To know pair factors of numbers</p> <p>To know prime, square and cube numbers</p> <p>To recall all times tables up to 12 x12 in any order, including missing numbers and related division facts fluently</p>
		<p>Vocabulary</p> <p>standard units, imperial units, metric units, millimeters, centimeters, meters, kilometers, square, regular, irregular, position, symmetry, mirror line, reflection, translation, move, right, left, fractions, equivalent, compare, smaller than, larger than, denominator, numerator, lowest common multiple (LCM) convert, mixed numbers, improper fractions, proper fractions, volume, capacity, liters, milliliters, cube</p>	





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	sum	Eco-warriors	<p>To read, write, order and compare numbers with up to 3 decimal places</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Recognise the place value of each digit in numbers with up to 2 decimal places, and compose and decompose numbers with up to 2 decimal places using standard and nonstandard partitioning. - Reason about the location of any number with up to 2 decimal places in the linear number system, including identifying the previous and next multiple of 1 and 0.1 and rounding to the nearest of each. <p>To round decimals with 2 dp</p> <p>To solve problems which require knowing percentage, simple fractions and decimal equivalents</p> <p>To distinguish between regular and irregular polygons (types of triangles)</p> <p>To estimate and compare angles</p> <p>To measure angles in degrees ($^{\circ}$)</p> <p>To draw angles of a given size</p> <p>To use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles</p> <p>Divide 1 into 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts, and read scales/number lines marked in units of 1 with 2, 4, 5 and 10 equal parts.</p> <p>To solve problems involving converting between units of time (both 12 and 24-hours clocks).</p> <hr/> <p>Counting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Count in 0.25s, 0.10s 	<p>Know that 10 tenths are equivalent to 1 one, and that 1 is 10 times the size of 0.1.</p> <p>Know that 100 hundredths are equivalent to 1 one, and that 1 is 100 times the size of 0.01.</p> <p>Know that 10 hundredths are equivalent to 1 tenth, and that 0.1 is 10 times the size of 0.01.</p> <p>To combine known additive and multiplicative facts with unitising in tenths and hundredths</p> <p>To read and write decimal numbers as fractions</p> <p>Apply place-value knowledge to known additive and multiplicative number facts (scaling facts by 1 tenth or 1 hundredth)</p> <p>To write percentages as a fraction with denominator hundred, and as a decimal</p> <p>To know percentage and decimal equivalence</p> <p>To recall all times tables up to 12 x12 in any order, including missing numbers and related division facts fluently</p> <p>To recall Roman numerals to 1000</p> <p>To know time and duration facts</p> <p>To know multiples of any number up to 12</p> <p>To know pair factors of numbers</p> <p>To know prime, square and cube numbers</p>
<p>Vocabulary</p> <p>decimals, decimal places, decimal point, whole number, estimate, numerals, value, part, whole, compare, smaller than, larger than, equal, ascending, descending, round, percentage, percent, measure, perimeter, rectilinear, %, analogue and digital clocks, time zones, am, pm, midday, midnight, duration, discrete data, continuous data, bar charts, timetables, line graphs</p>				





Year group	term	topic	skills	knowledge
Y6	aut	Blitz & Blackouts	<p>Understand the relationship between powers of 10 from 1 hundredth to 10 million, and use this to make a given number 10, 100, 1,000, 1 tenth, 1 hundredth or 1 thousandth times the size (multiply and divide by 10, 100 and 1,000).</p> <p>Recognise the place value of each digit in numbers up to 10 million, including decimal fractions, and compose and decompose numbers up to 10 million using standard and nonstandard partitioning</p> <p>To read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10,000,000 and numbers with 3 decimal places.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Reason about the location of any number up to 10 million, including decimal fractions, in the linear number system, and round numbers, as appropriate, including in contexts <p>To round any number up to 1,000,000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10000 and 10,000,000.</p> <p>To solve addition and subtraction word multi-step problems in contexts (bar model)</p> <p>To multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a 2 digit whole number</p> <p>To divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 2 digit whole number:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Short division • Long division <p>To solve word problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division</p> <p>To compare and order fractions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Express fractions in a common denomination and use this to compare fractions that are similar in value. <p>Compare fractions with different denominators, including fractions greater than 1, using reasoning, and choose between reasoning and common denomination as a comparison strategy.</p> <p>To simplify fractions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Recognise when fractions can be simplified, and use common factors to simplify fractions. 	<p>To identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers</p> <p>To recall all times tables up to 12 x12 in any order, including missing numbers and related division facts fluently</p> <p>To recall Roman numerals to 1000</p> <p>To know different units of measure and their relationships</p> <p>To know prime, square and cube numbers</p> <p>To use knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations</p> <p>To perform calculations efficiently using known facts Use a given additive or multiplicative calculation to derive or complete a related calculation, using arithmetic properties, inverse relationships, and place-value understanding.</p> <p>To describe, compare and classify geometric shapes based on the properties (triangles, quadrilaterals and other regular and irregular polygons up to 12-sides)</p>





		<p>To add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers</p> <p>To multiply simple pairs of proper fractions</p> <p>To divide proper fractions by whole numbers</p> <p>To calculate decimal fractions equivalents for a simple fraction</p> <p>To draw 2D shapes given dimensions and angles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Draw, compose, and decompose shapes according to given properties, including dimensions, angles and area, and solve related problems. <p>To multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to 3 decimal places.</p> <p>Counting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 from any given number 	
<p>Vocabulary</p> <p>whole number, estimate, numerals, value, part, whole, compare, smaller than, larger than, equal, ascending, descending, add, total, sum, subtract, take away, round, difference, factors, highest common factor (HCF), prime, products, multiple, commutative, division, divide, sharing, grouping, midpoint, placeholder, convert, standard units, measure, perimeter, rectilinear, common, decimals, tenths, hundredths, division, sharing, grouping, regular, irregular, right angle triangle, scalene, isosceles, equilateral, right, obtuse, acute, reflex, angles, degrees, protractor, venn diagram, carroll diagram, criteria</p>		<p>To use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero</p> <p>To multiply a number with up to 2 decimal places by whole numbers.</p> <p>To use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to 2 decimal places.</p> <p>To calculate percentages of an amount</p> <p>To convert between fractions, decimals and percentages in order to solve problems</p> <p>To calculate the perimeter and area of compound shapes</p> <p>To estimate, calculate, and compare the volume of cubes and cuboids</p> <p>To find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals and regular polygons</p>	<p>To recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages</p> <p>To know angle facts for triangles, quadrilaterals and regular polygons</p> <p>To recall 2D and 3D shapes and their properties</p> <p>To name parts of a circle</p> <p>To recall all times tables up to 12 x12 in any order, including missing numbers and related division facts fluently</p> <p>To recall Roman numerals to 1000</p> <p>To know different units of measure and their relationships</p>
spr	Rivers of Time		





		<p>To describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants)</p> <p>To draw, translate and reflect simple shapes on the coordinate plane.</p> <p>To solve ratio and proportion problems</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Solve problems involving ratio relationships. <p>To express missing number problems algebraically</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Solve problems with 2 unknowns <p>To generate and describe linear number sequences</p> <p>To find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns</p> <p>To enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.</p>	<p>(including imperial units and time)</p> <p>To know prime, square and cube numbers</p>
<p>Vocabulary negative numbers, estimate, numerals, factors, decimals, decimal place, decimal point, products, multiple, commutative, division, divide, sharing, grouping, midpoint, placeholder, convert, standard units, measure, perimeter, compound, area, square units, volume, cubic units, right, obtuse, acute, reflex, angles, degrees, protractor, triangles, quadrilaterals, polygons, position, right, left, coordinates, quadrant, axis, axes, x and y axes, translate, reflect, rotate, move, ratio, proportion, simplify, highest common factor, algebra, linear number sequences, equation, combinations, possibilities, variables,</p>			
sum	Who am I?	<p>To interpret pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems</p> <p>To construct pie charts</p> <p>To calculate and interpret the mean as an average.</p> <p>To represent data</p> <p>Counting and recall</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Count in 0.25s, 0.10s 	<p>To know angle facts as a measure of turn</p> <p>To recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages</p> <p>To know angle facts for triangles, quadrilaterals and regular polygons</p> <p>To recall 2D and 3D shapes and their properties</p> <p>Name parts of a circle</p> <p>To recall times tables facts for up to 12 x 12</p> <p>To recall Roman numerals to 1000</p> <p>To know different units of measure and their relationships (including imperial units and time)</p>





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				<p>To recall all times tables up to 12 x12 in any order, including missing numbers and related division facts fluently</p> <p>To know prime, square and cube numbers</p>
			<p>Vocabulary pie charts, degrees, line graphs, mean, average, angles, turn, equivalence, circle, radius, circumference, measure (metric and imperial units)</p>	

